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演出及製作

Credits

歌手 薩頂頂 Vocals Sa Dingding

鼓手劉為DrumsMico Liu低音結他劉文泰Bass GuitarLiu Wenthai

鍵盤 彭博 Keyboard Peng Bo

原生態演員 高洪章、自學空(楊三)

Performers, Indigenous Art Gao Hongzhang, Zi Xuekong (Yang San)

古箏/琵琶 章益
Guzheng/Pipa Zhang Yi

馬頭琴 斯日古冷(阿冷) Matouqin Si Ri Gu Leng

音響 郭晉剛 Sound Guo Jingang

多媒體設計 豐江舟

Multimedia Design Feng Jiangzhou



媽媽天哪

陀羅尼

詞 寶篋印陀羅尼 曲 薩頂頂

飛鳥和花

詞 香蝶曲 薩頂頂

萬物生

詞 薩頂頂 曲 薩頂頂、黃毅

錫林河邊的老人

曲 張宏光

Mama Tian Na

Lyrics Qi Qing Shang Shi Music Sa Dingding, Huang Yi

Tuo Luo Ni

Lyrics Bao Qie Yin Tuo Luo Ni Music Sa Dingding

Flickering with Blossoms

Lyrics Xiang Die Music Sa Dingding

Alive

Lyrics Sa Dingding

Music Sa Dingding, Huang Yi

Oldster by Xilin River

Music Zhang Hongguang

拉古拉古

詞 薩頂頂

曲 張宏光

神香

曲詞 何訓田

天地記

詞 薩頂頂

曲 Marius De Vries、薩頂頂

希然寧泊——自省·心經

曲詞 薩頂頂

雲雲南南

曲詞 薩頂頂

綠衣女孩

曲詞 薩頂頂

小樹和大樹

曲詞 薩頂頂

幸運日

曲 Marius De Vries、薩頂頂

詞 Marius De Vries

石榴女人

詞 蔣明初曲 薩頂頂

藍色駿馬

曲詞 薩頂頂

快樂節

曲 Marius De Vries、薩頂頂、

Alexis Smith

Lagu Lagu

Lyrics Sa Dingding

Music Zhang Hongguang

Holy Incense

Music/Lyrics He Xuntian

Ha Ha Li Li

Lyrics Sa Dingding

Music Marius De Vries, Sa Dingding

Xi Ran Ning Po — Introspection

Music/Lyrics Sa Dingding

Yun Yun Nan Nan

Music/Lyrics Sa Dingding

Girl in a Green Dress

Music/Lyrics Sa Dingding

Little Tree/Big Tree

Music/Lyrics Sa Dingding

Lucky Day

Music Marius De Vries, Sa Dingding

Lyrics Marius De Vries

Pomegranate Woman

Lyrics Jiang Mingchu Music Sa Dingding

Blue Horse

Music/Lyrics Sa Dingding

Xi Carnival

Music Marius De Vries, Sa Dingding,

Alexis Smith

曲目與演出次序或有更改

Songs and the order of the programme are subject to change

緣起 THE ORIGIN

文:薩頂頂

中國西南部的佤族部落裏,流傳着一個美麗的傳説:從前天與地由一棵大樹連接,天地間混混沌沌毫無生氣。人們只能棲息在山洞裏,一天一隻金色的公雞來到樹下,用力踢打這棵樹。終於,公雞踢倒了大樹,一瞬間天地分開,混沌之氣散去,萬物開始孕育,人們從此走出了山洞,擁有了廣闊而神奇的大自然。

我非常感動於這個開天闢地的傳說,天 地萬物經歷着無限的輪迴,並生生不息 的相互轉換。作為人,我崇拜幻想,每 個清晨,我都試着把自己的心性幻化成 另外的什麼,水、空氣,或任何存在, 於是我知道了花朵的歡喜,也知道了水 滴的憂傷。每當我在這一刻,我便能盡 情的感受着無限的世界!

我們所能看到的世間的一切,都是塵埃一樣微小的存在,但當我們心中有了願望,我們便能孕育出無限的力量。人與自然的微妙關係小到我,大到不可思議。我在幻想中發現,並用音樂寫下了日記,這日記記述了我發現中的喜悦,也是我對大自然的讚美詩。

就在這一刻,請你與我同行吧!回到最初,暫且放下我們作為人類驕傲強勢的一面,用我們的耳朵眼睛,手指的溫度以及無限的想像,踏上去尋找天地初始時人與自然的那份和諧統一的旅程,去感受作為人類的那份喜悦,找到那個與世間萬物共同生活在大自然裏的,最本真的,擁有無限希望與力量的你。

Text: Sa Dingding

According to an ancient legend of the Wa ethnic group from Southwest China, there was once only lifeless chaos in the Universe. The sky and the earth were all mixed up, connected by a big tree. People lived hidden in caves. One day, a golden rooster came to the tree, and began to kick it. After much effort, the rooster knocked the tree over, and suddenly, the sky and the earth were separated. From that moment, chaos cleared, everything started to grow, and people moved out of the caves to enjoy the magic and beauty of nature.

I was so moved by this legend. The Universe we live in is an infinite space, everything is in an eternal cycle of birth, suffering, death, and rebirth. As a human, I adore our imagination. Every morning, I imagine my soul as something else, such as air, water, or some other creation. By doing this, I am able to experience a flower's happiness and the sadness of waterdrops. By doing this, I can enjoy the beauty and magic of all that surrounds us.

Compared to the Universe, we are as small and insignificant as a speck of dust; but our hopes and dreams give us power and strength. I write my dairy through music. It records my joy through discovery and is my tribute to nature.

Right now, I invite you to join my journey. Let's go back to the very beginning - throw away your human pride and vanity; open your eyes and ears, use the warmth of your fingers and your imagination to rediscover the harmony between people and nature as it was at the beginning of the Universe. I want you to feel the happiness of being human through this journey; and for you to discover the most genuine, faithful person inside you who shares life peacefully with all creation, and is in possession of boundless hope and power.

尋找天地間的節奏

薩頂頂的神秘吟唱

傳說中天與地連在一起 永不分離 勤勞的人們和那些神奇的動物生活在山洞裏 下過雨的清晨一束光照着樹神 遠遠傳來隆隆的鼓聲 沉沉的鼓聲陣陣 震醒山洞裏的人 牆上的預言這就要發生

薩頂頂《天地記》

文:鄭傳鍏

不知道是否慣例,看楊麗萍的雲南舞蹈秀,一開始搬演的是少數民族開天闢地的神話。同樣,薩頂頂推出的第二張大碟,演繹「雲南概念」的《天地合》,主打歌〈天地記〉一開始唱的也是一個開天闢地的傳説。雖然不同的少數民族有着不同的故事情節,但鼓在開天闢地神話中總是扮演必不可少的角色,在《天地合》這張大碟中,她採集當地彝族的巫鼓——一邊吟唱祭詞,一邊打鼓——的節奏,滲進現代的電子節拍中,成為最大的特點。



的想法。「那裏的人很容易滿足,喜悦遠遠 越過北京、上海等大城市的人。」

在雲南,鼓除了是樂器,更是少數民族祭祀、崇拜的用具和圖騰,在生產生活中也不可或缺。但隨着傳統部落社會的解體,種種相關的非物質文化遺產,包括音樂和舞蹈都面臨失傳的危險。像薩頂頂從雲南帶回來採樣的巫鼓音樂,就只剩下一人能演了。

薩頂頂演出最大的特點,可能是她結合了梵 文與自創語言的吟唱,在電子節拍下啊明,無論是西方人還是中國人,都不會明 (事實上她有部份歌詞乾脆就是注音符號, 難言有什麼意思。)「不要用語言去區 難言有什麼意思。)「不要用語言去區 對言,音樂的語言才是最重要,要創造位BBC 世界音樂大獎的得主説,就算你是用不質 世界音樂大獎的得主說,就算你是用不慣有的 語言來唱,但聽在別人耳中還是他們慣有的 音樂,也就不會有興趣。而所謂新的音樂 言,是要靠節奏去更新,各種音樂的中心區 別就是節奏。「現在流行音樂的主流是來自非 洲的節奏。」薩頂頂說,「我們有自己的內 心律動,可以找到『中國節奏』」,那要到那 裏找這種節奏?她提到了睡夢中聽到樓下老 人家們的各種活動,發現某些節奏是所有中 國人一打就出來的,像「咚鏘咚鏘咚咚鏘」, 這種東西就是「中國節奏」。

薩頂頂強調音樂語言,而非語言,不是沒有代價的。她的音樂,變得需要附加的説明,來解釋26種雲南少數民族的神話與文化。而這本附加的説明書,就是她的音樂會,用她的説法形容這個曲目結合《萬物生》與《天地合》兩張大碟的音樂會,是「多媒體的MV說明書,像作夢的感覺,是對我的音樂的強大説明」。

鄭傳鍏,賣文維生,喜好電影及表演藝術。



After coming in second in a television talent show, she recorded a debut album that she now dismisses as "childish" because she had very little say in its material or production. Taking control of her career, she began recording demo versions of mantras, Tibetan chants, Sanskrit poetry and what initially appear to be folk songs sung in Chinese but are actually sung in her own self-created "language".

The Universal A&R executives who heard these recordings quickly signed Sa onto their label. She then found herself in international demand. As the world focused its attention on Beijing in 2008, she was seen not only as a voice from the heart of contemporary China, but also a representative of China's 21st century future and its ancient, rural past.

"I think there is a lack of communication between people in the West and East. What I want to do is help people communicate. When I go abroad, people are very friendly, very interested in me because I am Chinese. I love the culture of my country, so part of my job is to introduce this culture to people in the West."

Sa's first European show was in front of a large, expectant crowd at the WOMAD festival; her second British date was a BBC Prom in the Royal Albert Hall, where she celebrated winning a coveted Radio 3 Award for World Music

It was while on tour in Europe that she met producer Marius De Vries (U2, Björk, Rufus Wainwright) whom she invited to work on her second album. She then travelled to Yunnan province in southwestern China to record sounds to incorporate into her new songs.

"The theme of *Alive*, was the relationship between humans and religion. This time I wanted to go further back and look at the relationship between humans and nature. *Harmony* goes back to our original relationship with the earth. Musically it is about the balance between East and West, traditional and modern. I wanted to do something that was more than just Chinese folk elements laid on a western electronic base. I wanted to start from the roots of Chinese ethnic music and develop them for the modern electronic world."

From Sa's discussions about music with De Vries, came a further three songs — *Ha Ha Li Li, Lucky Day* and the mantra *Xi Carnival. Lucky Day* is Sa's first recording in English, with lyrics that De Vries wrote about his experiences in China set to beats that Sa had decided should be a tribute to Michael Jackson (this was four months before his death).

"Harmony is an expression of my thoughts and my life from spring 2009. When I was recording my first album I realised there are many things that bother people and I wanted them to find calm in my music. Now I realise that this calm can only come from finding a balance between humanity and nature. If people found calm from *Alive*, I hope they find joy and happiness from *Harmony*."

Feature provided by the artist

薩頂頂 SA DINGDING

薩頂頂集歌手、音樂人、製作人、製作人,獨別人、製作人,獨學者於一身。她擁有一副獨特嗓音的演繹方式,又劍走偏鋒的國人,獨學中華民族古老文化的研究和體驗,一類不可以與無意義的隨性時間來表流和,而對於現有音樂的時期,來期待心與心的純粹交流和,而對於現有音樂的模式,神秘的用方。利東的原生態民族音樂襯托得更加出和東方原生態民族音樂襯托得更加和和東和現代。

Touted as a new diva, Sa Dingding is an artist of many talents — singer, songwriter, producer, and dancer. With



a unique sound and style, she draws her musical inspiration from her childhood experience roaming the steppes of Mongolia, and from her extensive spiritual exploration of the many minority cultures in China. Adept in many languages, she makes full use of her linguistic talent by incorporating in her song lyrics Chinese and Mongolian (the languages of her parents), Tibetan, Sanskrit and even a self-invented tongue, as she believes that emotions are best conveyed by sound rather than words. Her musical style is equally eclectic with *guzheng* and *matouqin* (horse-head fiddle) mixed in with subtle, sophisticated electronica and ethnic chants.

Her album, *Alive* from 2007 brought her international attention; it earned her a Grammy nomination, and won her the 2008 BBC World Music Award. The BBC award led to an appearance at the Royal Albert Hall. Sa is only the second Chinese artist, after Lang Lang, to receive this honour. In 2008 and 2009, she took her breathtaking performance to 22 countries and regions. She was also invited to join WOMAD, and toured the UK, Ireland, Spain, Australia, New Zealand and Dubai with the festival. Sa is only the third Chinese musician to perform in the Sydney Opera House after composer/conductor Tan Dun, and pianist Lang Lang. Last November, she released her latest album, *Harmony*.

福建福州人,1999年進入北京現代音樂學院爵士,2002年赴維也納音樂學院, 後赴紐約音樂學院學習進修,現在北京國際學校任教。劉為同時為Junglecat、 薩頂頂、木瑪&Third Party、反及閘等歌手及樂隊任鼓手。

Mico Liu trained in the Jazz Institute of the Beijing Contemporary Music Academy, the Vienna Music Institute, and The New York Conservatory of Music.

He currently teaches at an international school in Beijing while drumming for Junglecat, Sa Dingding, Muma & Third Party, and NAND.





劉文泰 | Liu Wenthai

低音結他 Bass Guitar

劉文泰生於美國,曾就讀於伯克利音樂學院。早期與樂隊經常在波士頓演出。1993年來北京,從事各種現代音樂的錄音工作,並參與演出活動。1997年前往泰國。2000年返回美國並開始從事電影配樂工作,並多次在國際電影節中獲獎。2003年再次返回北京。曾擔任崔健、張楚、姜昕及高旗(超載)等樂隊的貝司手,並與低音結他大師Stuart Hamm和結他大師Hiram Bullock合作演出。

Born in the US, Liu Wenthai studied music at the Berklee College of Music. Early in his career, Liu and his band were active in the Boston music scene. In 1993 he moved to Beijing, where he performed and worked in the recording business. In 2000, he returned to the US to work on movie scores. There, he won awards in several international film competitions. In 2003, he returned to Beijing. As a bassist, he has worked with Chinese music notables such as Cui Jian, Zhang Chu and US greats such as bass stylist Stuart Hamm and jazz guitarist Hiram Bullock.

彭博 | Peng Bo

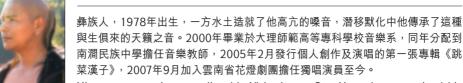
鍵盤 Keyboard

生於音樂世家,於瀋陽音樂學院流行音樂系畢業,自幼學習古典鋼琴演奏和作曲技法。2003年開始學習流行音樂編曲,同年組建第一支fusion樂隊「Orange Sea」擔任鍵盤手,並舉辦音樂會,2003年參加「全國流行音樂新人選拔賽」,憑藉個人單曲《孤葉》獲作曲二等獎,演唱三等獎,並獲樂隊演奏三等獎。2004年參加澳門舉辦的「世界只有一個中國音樂大賽」通俗唱法金獎。2006年至今,



為北京四季光芒文化公司作曲、編曲及製作,曾多次參加國內外的演唱會演出。2009年為位於北京 天安門廣場舉辦的60周年國慶閱兵和焰火晚會創作及編配音樂。

Born into a musical family, Peng Bo studied classical piano and composition, but chose to pursue popular music at the Shenyang Conservatory of Music. In 2003, he started composing, and formed his fusion band, *Orange Sea*. The band took part in various competitions in China and abroad, and in the 2003 Nationwide Talent Contest in Popular Music, won several awards in different categories. In 2004, the band won the gold in a competition in Macau. Peng Bo's music was featured in the military parade commemorating the 60th anniversary of the People's Republic of China and in the fireworks display that followed.



His sonorous voice revealing his Yi heritage, Gao Hongzhang received his professional training at the Dali Teachers College. After his graduation, he taught at the Nanjian Ethnic Middle School. In 2005, he recorded his first album, *The Banquet Dancer*. Gao has been part of the Yunnan Huadeng Opera Theatre since 2007, bringing his ethnic traditions to a wider audience.

自學空 | Zi Xuekong

原生態演員 Performer, Indigenous Art

彝族人,2001年起着名舞蹈家楊麗萍舞蹈學校就讀,以民族民間舞蹈專業為主。2002年至2003年參加雲南映射節目排練,2003年至2004年在昆明世博園擔任隊長,2004年至今在雲南人家演出,並擔任藝術團隊長之職。期間參加雲南省非物質文化遺產演出,獲民間藝術傳承人的稱號。

An ethnic Yi, Zi Xuekong studied with the renowned ethnic choreographer/

dancer Yang Liping, majoring in ethnic dancing. From 2002 till 2004, he appeared in his mentor's production *Impressions of Yunnan*, and he performed at Kunming's World Horti-Expo Garden. Later, he headed the dance troupe of the Yunnan Ethnic Village Park. He performed a Yunnan's Intangible Cultural Heritage dance and was honoured with the title Heritage Artist.



章益 | Zhang Yi

古箏/琵琶 Guzheng, Pipa

自幼習琴,章益於上海音樂學院並取得文學學士學位畢業。2006年日本大阪國際音樂大賽金獎得主,同時被授予中國駐日本大使館「總領事」特別大獎。

A graduate of the prestigious Shanghai Conservatory of Music, Zhang Yi started his musical training during childhood. His virtuosity was confirmed when he won the gold medal in the 2006 Osaka International Music Competition. This led to

the grand award by China's Consul General stationed in Japan.

斯日古冷 | Si Ri Gu Leng

馬頭琴 Matougin

蒙古族,1995年研習馬頭琴至今,中國馬頭琴協會會員。曾任額爾古納樂隊當任 鍵盤兼馬頭琴,發行多張專輯。2006年曾與國寶級大師張宏光老師合作第一張個 人馬頭琴專輯《易狼城》,多次出訪國外演出交流,荷蘭、比利時、美國、加拿 大、阿拉伯、日本等等地區,獲得廣大好評。也多次錄製電影、電視劇音樂。

Si Ri Gu Leng has been playing the matouqin since 1995. Matouqin or morin

khuur, as it is known in Mongolian, literally means horse-head fiddle. Si Ri played the keyboard and *matouqin* on several records with the band Erguna. His 2006 *matouqin* solo album, *Change — The Wolf City*, produced by renowned arranger Zhang Hongguang, caught the world's attention and led to tours world wide. Si Ri also records sound tracks for movies and TV.

